

Transportation Routing Process

Presented to:

TEC Routing Plenary Session

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Overview

- Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management's (OCRWM) Strategic Plan for the Safe Transportation of Spent Nuclear Fuel and High-Level Radioactive Waste to Yucca Mountain: A Guide to Stakeholder Interactions, issued November 2003
 - Transportation planning process designed to meet program goals and address stakeholder concerns
 - Commitment to collaborative relationships with program stakeholders in transportation planning
 - Incorporate successful elements from past experience in other DOE shipping campaigns
 - Address and resolve issues, one of which is identification of transportation routes





Recent Events in Transportation Planning and Routing

- OCRWM Director's testimony, July 19 Hearing House Subcommittee on Energy and Air Quality
 - Develop and begin implementation of a comprehensive national spent fuel transportation plan
 - Accommodate state, local and tribal concerns to the greatest extent possible for transportation planning
 - Put into place a process that maximizes the ability of public to understand transportation risks
 - Allow public to influence, as appropriate, the selection of routes within their jurisdictional areas
 - Continue work with local planning groups at an accelerated pace





Recent Events in Transportation Planning and Routing (cont.)

- OCRWM Director's testimony, August 3 Hearing Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources
 - Continue longstanding practice to work with program stakeholders and utilize their resources and expertise
 - Not proposing to change activities with State, tribal and local authorities
 - Route planning
 - Emergency planning
 - Training and education
- National Academies Recommendations
 - DOE should continue to ensure effective involvement of states and tribal governments in its decisions on routing
 - DOE should identify suite of preferred rail and highway routes as soon as practicable to support state, tribal and local planning





Objectives of Process on Route Identification

- Determine operational considerations with railroads and highway carriers
 - Most effective and efficient operational routing
- Identify draft routing criteria
 - Collaboration with program stakeholders
 - Consultation with appropriate parties
- Evaluate input and resolve comments from program stakeholders
- Develop final criteria
- Identify national suite of rail and highway routes





Proposed Approach for Routing Process

- Issue Route Development Plan
- Establish Routing Topic Group to address the issue
 - Membership comprised of program stakeholders
 - Representatives from Transportation External Coordination (TEC) Working Group member organizations
 - » State Regional Groups (SRGs)
 - » Tribal representatives
 - » Local governments
 - » Transportation industry
 - » Federal agencies
 - » Trade organizations
 - » Emergency response organizations
 - Other interested parties





Proposed Approach for Routing Process (cont.)

- Routing topic group activities
 - Monthly conference calls, meetings as needed
 - Near term identification of routing criteria
 - Discussions at TEC/SRG/industry meetings
- Routing process will:
 - Provide information for 180(c) pilot program and determination of funding allocation for states and tribes
 - Respond to National Academies' recommendation on route identification process
 - Provide time for operational and security planning
 - Coordinate with supplement to the Yucca Mountain Final Environmental Impact Statement





Proposed Approach for Routing Process (cont.)

- Review criteria with topic group and TEC membership
 - Computer model runs to identify candidate routes based on criteria
 - Ensure operational effectiveness
 - Table top exercises to study routes and alternates
 - Regional and national routing connections examined to ensure consistency across state lines



Process to Identify National Suite of Routes

- Review previous shipping campaigns
- Identify cognizant oversight organizations
- Determine Federal/industry guidance and regulatory requirements
- Explore routing principles
- Conduct routing assessment
- Review SRGs' study projects
- Develop national suite of routes





Review Previous Shipping Campaigns

- Foreign Research Reactor
 - SNF shipments to Idaho National Laboratory (INL) and Savannah River Site (SRS)
- West Valley Spent Nuclear Fuel
 - Shipments from West Valley, NY to INL
- Waste Isolation Pilot Plant
 - Transuranic waste from various DOE sites to Carlsbad, NM
- Domestic research reactors
 - From universities, other Federal agencies and private sector firms to SRS or INL
- Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program
 - Nationwide rail routing experience for over 45 years





Oversight Organizations

- Federal agencies
 - Department of Energy (DOE)
 - Department of Transportation
 - Federal Railroad Administration
 - Federal Motor Carriers Safety Administration
 - Nuclear Regulatory Commission
 - Department of Homeland Security
- Nuclear Utilities
- Railroad operations
 - American Association of Railroads
 - Individual Railroad companies
- Security considerations
 - Responsible DOE Office (in coordination with other appropriate organizations)



Regulatory Requirements and Guidance

- Department of Transportation
 - 49 CFR Part 397 (Transportation of Hazardous Materials)
 - Guidelines for Selecting Preferred Highway Routes for Highway Route Controlled Quantity Shipments of Radioactive Materials
 - Identification of Factors for Selecting Modes and Routes for Shipping HLW and SNF (Volpe Center)
- Federal Railroad Administration
 - Safety Compliance Oversight Plan
- Nuclear Waste Policy Act
 - Follow 10 CFR Part 73 Advance notification prior to shipments

Regulatory Requirements and Guidance (cont.)

- Department of Energy
 - Order 460.2: Radioactive Material Transportation
 Practices Manual
- Association of American Railroads
 - Circular OT-55: Recommended Railroad Operating Practices for Transportation of Hazardous Materials



Routing Principles for OCRWM Shipments

- Operational, public and radiological safety
- Regulatory compliance (Federal, state, tribal and local regulations)
- Security and operational flexibility
- Operational efficiency and utility
- Commercial practicability
- Routing assessment tools
 - Transportation Routing Analysis Geographic Information System (TRAGIS)
 - Transportation Risk Assessment Computer Code (RADTRAN)



Routing Assessment

- Modeling and planning tools
 - TRAGIS and RADTRAN
 - Table top exercises as needed
 - Develop criteria and apply to:
 - » Route planning and evaluation
 - » Interactive organizational responsibilities
 - » Emergency response planning
 - DOE Transportation Practices Manual
 - FRA Safety Compliance Oversight Plan
- Decision support methodology (weigh importance of criteria and factors)





Routing Assessment (cont.)

- Council of State Governments' Midwestern Office and Eastern Regional Conference analyzed routes through their specific regions
 - Identified primary and secondary routing criteria
 - Suggested routes will allow for national discussions
- DOE can generate other regional route analyses, as requested
 - SRGs/carriers review route proposals
 - Stakeholder feedback on preliminary mapping exercises
- Develop recommendations on regional routes





Development of National Suite of Routes

- Identify draft routing criteria
 - Collaborate with stakeholders to prioritize
 - Consult with railroads on operational considerations and restraints
- Develop final criteria, rules and practices
- Use TRAGIS and RADTRAN runs to identify candidate suite of national rail and highway routes
- Conduct review of routes with Routing Topic Group and TEC members
- Identification of suite of national routes final determination responsibility with DOE





Proposed schedule for routing analysis

- Routing Process Plan
- Formation of Routing Topic Group
- Initiate discussions with carriers
- Establish draft routing criteria
- Review and revise criteria based on stakeholder input
- Finalize routing criteria
- Review and analyze candidate routes
- Identify national suite of routes

- September 2006
- October 2006
- November 2006
- February 2007
- April 2007
- June 2007
- October 2007
- December 2007



